

TOPIC 2.8:	Elements (Learning outcomes by syllabus reference: OC5, OC6, OC7, OC8, OC9)
HOW MANY LESSONS?	2 – 3 lessons

KEYWORDS / TERMS TO BE TAUGHT			
Atom	Element	Properties	Conduct(ivity)
Carbon	Sulfur	Aluminium	Copper
Zinc	Hydrogen	Nitrogen	

KEY CONCEPTS IN THE LESSON (OBJECTIVES)		
<i>What students must know or be able to do</i>	<i>What students should know or be able to do</i>	<i>What students could know or be able to do</i>
To be able to identify everyday uses for metals	To be able to recall that metals conduct electricity and heat To be able to recall the symbols for common metals and non-metals	To be able to list the properties of a range of metals and non-metals

SEQUENCE OF LESSON
<p>1. Introduce the concept of elements. Allow students to relate personal experiences of elements. This could be facilitated by using the <i>Elements Introduction</i> PowerPoint, or the Periodic Table in their textbook, and encouraging student input.</p> <p>2. Discuss key vocabulary and definitions.</p> <p>3. Review – whole class discussion. Possibility of using a co-operative group activity (see <i>Cooperative Group Activity Sheet</i> in the <i>Classroom Activities</i> section of this resource pack) to facilitate student understanding</p> <p>4. Further class work/homework – see <i>Elements Worksheet</i>.</p>

1. DIFFERENTIATE BY CONTENT (In what ways can I vary the content of what I am teaching?)		
<i>(A) Complexity of content: (concrete, symbolic, abstract)</i>		
<i>Concrete</i>	<i>Symbolic</i>	<i>Abstract</i>

Real materials associated with elements (e.g. copper, iron, carbon, gold, silver etc.)	Symbols for elements	Location of elements on Periodic Table
<i>(B) Variety of resources</i>		
As listed above.		
<i>(C) Variety of learning environments</i>		
Classroom, school laboratory, computer room		

2. DIFFERENTIATE BY PROCESS (How will I teach the lesson?)

Sequence of lesson as laid out above

- Introduction – using concrete material or a general class discussion
- Explore concepts in textbook, using *Elements Introduction* PowerPoint or the Periodic Table.
- Possible use of a co-operative group activity (see the *Classroom Activities* section of this resource pack) to facilitate discussion

3. DIFFERENTIATE BY OUTCOME / PRODUCT (How will the student demonstrate understanding?)

See *Worksheets*, *Classroom Activities* and *Experiments* sections of this resource pack.

- Students may label elements (concrete objects) with their name and symbol.
- Offer students a choice of learning activities. Students may design a poster on Elements, draw their own Periodic Table (containing only the elements that they must learn) or create a resource page for teaching other students about elements and their properties.
- Whole class review work completed at end of class
- Homework: *Elements Worksheet*, if not used for class work. Specify time to be allocated to this work at home.

FINALLY - ANY OTHER POSSIBILITIES FOR THIS LESSON?

- Common elements in everyday life
- Collage of scenes showing elements and their uses
- Role play using students as elements
- Other written activities, e.g. a list of properties for common metals and non-metals
- Extension exercise: How many elements exist?
- Internet search for material on elements
- Suggested Internet links include www.bbc.co.uk/schools, www.juniorscience.ie, www.scoilnet.ie, www.skool.ie and <http://classroom.jc-schools.net/sci-units/matter.htm>
- For advice on enhancing curricular access through the use of mobile ICT, see www.laptopsinitiative.ie